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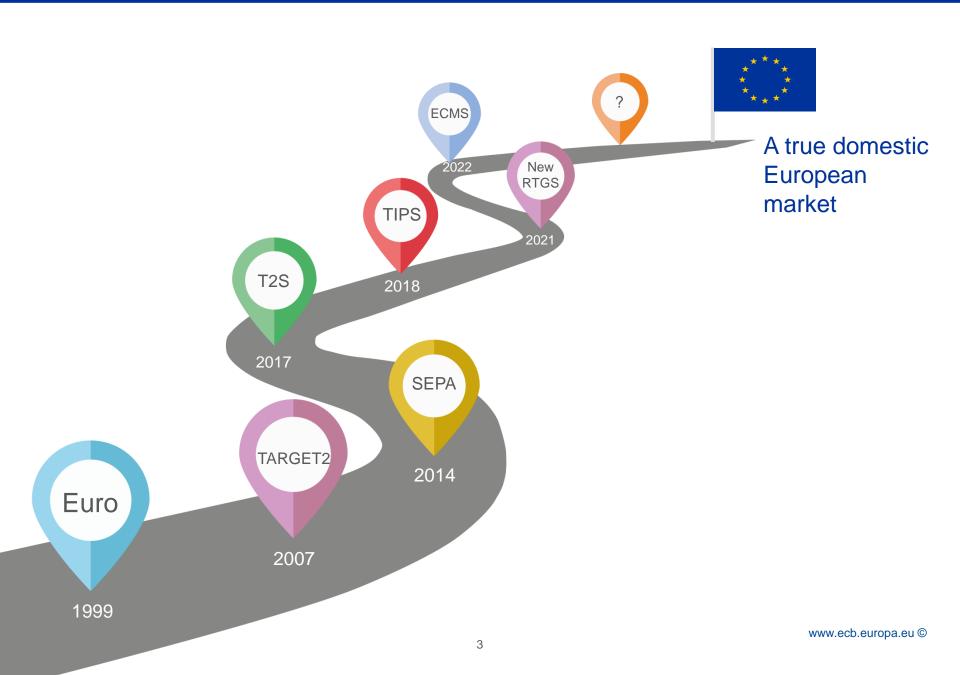
# **European Distribution of Debt Instruments (EDDI)**

Money Market Contact Group (MMCG) meeting 3 December 2019

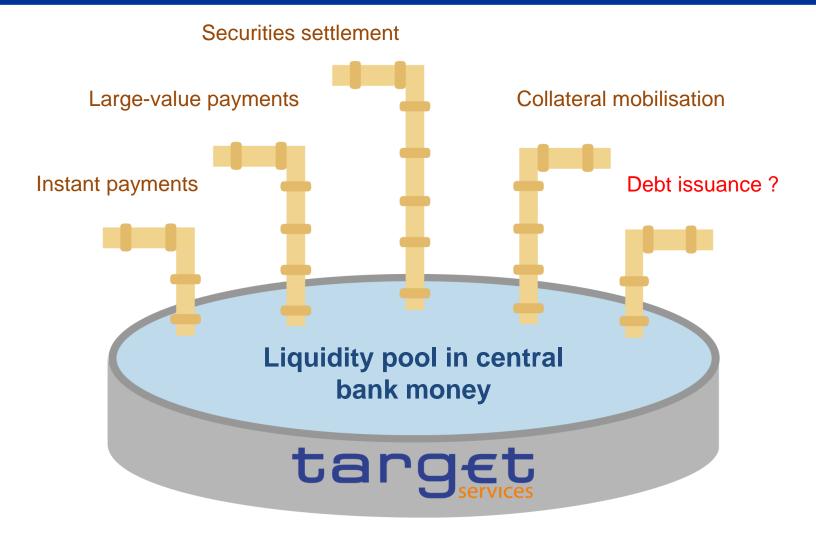
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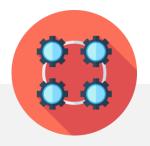
## A true domestic European market



## A single European Framework in Central Bank Money



# In a single capital market within a currency area:



Issuers and investors should interact within a single process



Risks and costs should be independent on the location of counterparties

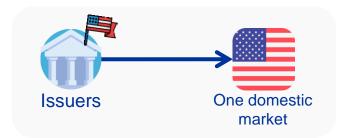


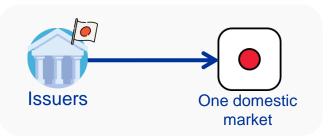
There should be no cross-border dimension but only a domestic one

#### As a **result**, the market is:

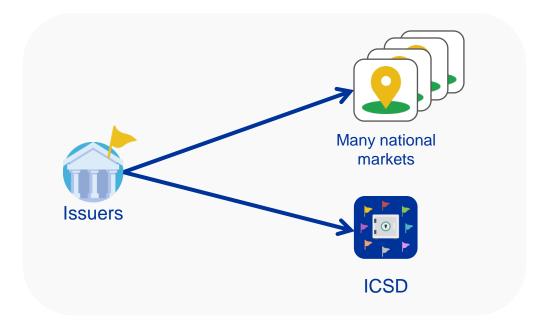
- More attractive to foreign investors
- More resilient due to increased private risk sharing
- Providing a buffer against systemic shocks
- Neutral and provides a level playing field

# In US or Japan

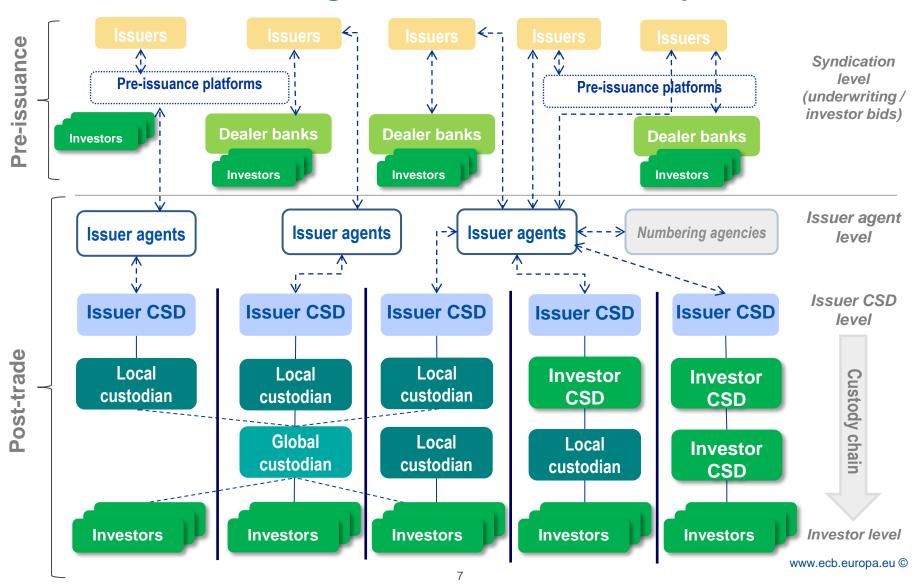




# In the EU



# Overview of existing sec. distribution ecosystem



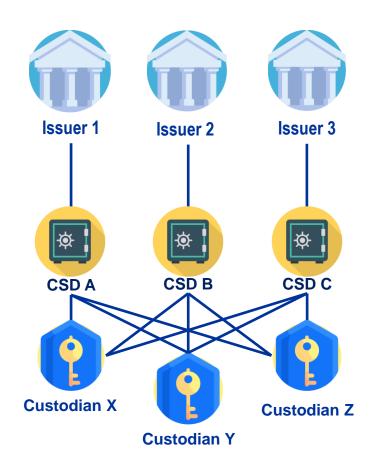
### **Current limitations for market actors**

# Debt issuance restrained to one issuance location

- Prevents issuance in a neutral and EUwide way
- Reinforces "home bias" / lack of euro area risk sharing
- Could be a barrier to pan-European investment

# Market actors need to connect to many issuance locations

- Implies complexity and higher costs
- Creates challenges for the pooling of liquidity and collateral
- Forces connection to "home location"



# **Current limitations with reference to financial indicators**

- <u>Financial Integration Report</u>: bonds issued by a euro area issuer are
   1.7 times more likely to be held by domestic than by other euro area investors<sup>1</sup>
- <u>Primary issuance</u>: only about 5% of debt securities eligible as Eurosystem collateral are issued with a non-domestic CSD<sup>2</sup>
- <u>T2S settlement statistics</u>: only around 1% of transactions settled in T2S are taking place between counterparties of different CSDs<sup>3</sup>

- 1: ECB, May 2018
- 2: Information based on the Eurosystem eligible collateral database.
- In addition, about 20% are issued with the ICSDs which can also be considered as non-domestic
- 3: T2S Annual Report, 2018

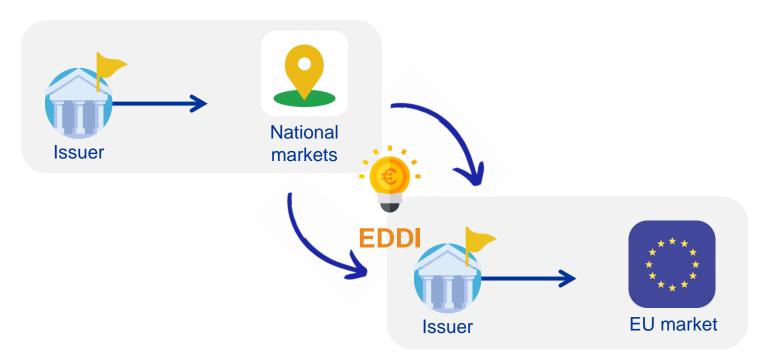
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# European Distribution of Debt Instruments (EDDI) – a pan-European gateway for debt securities

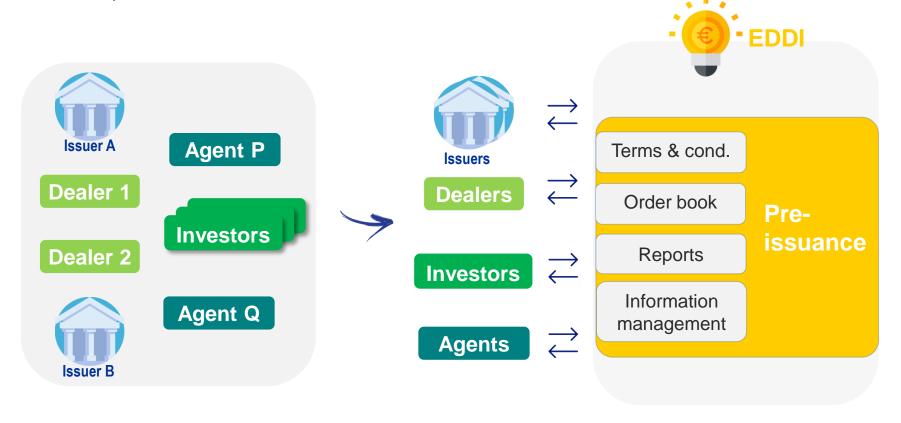


EDDI aims to **support integration** in the current issuance and initial distribution ecosystem in the EU by providing new choice of location of issuance, **not a new layer** in the transaction chain.



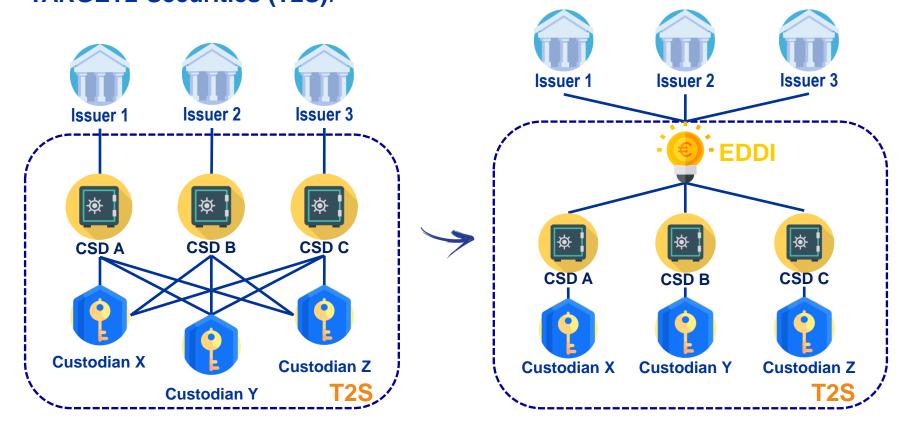
### **Pre-issuance**

EDDI standardised technical toolkit to support the debt issuance process of existing market actors. Up to issuers and their counterpart, i.e. issuer agents, investors, when and how to use it.



### **Post-trade**

EDDI facilitates CSDs to provide a **service** to European issuers to issue debt securities into **all national markets on an equal basis** (i.e. a domestic EU market). Operational synergies with TARGET Services and in particular **TARGET2-Securities (T2S)**.



# Scope and usage of the EDDI service



#### **Instruments**

- EDDI shall support debt instruments only
- Instruments to comply with a potential European debt instrument (technical) standard



#### **Stakeholders**

- The EDDI service shall be provided to debt issuers (for pre-issuance) and CSDs (for post-trade)
- Issuers may grant technical access to investors, dealer
   banks and agents for pre-issuance activities

### **Harmonisation**

EDDI would bring **standardisation** due to its specification/implementation.

- Standardised/single order book
- Standardised Investor ID
- Common interfaces
- Usage and assignment of EDDI (European) ISIN prefix
- Timelines and cut-off times

EDDI could also support further harmonisation and standardisation:

- A European Debt Instrument (technical) standard
  - Standardised term sheet template
  - Harmonised rounding and day-count conventions
- Revisit <u>withholding tax procedures initiatives</u> (CMU) not on fiscal laws

### Clarifications - I

- No disintermediation. EDDI does not impose specific issuance business models
- Not an additional layer but rather an additional option for pan European issuance
- Level playing field/Competition? Accessibility to and/or interoperability
  with all eligible market actors: issuers, intermediaries, infrastructures
  (CSDs and issuance platforms). Open to all eligible CSDs (Central
  Securities Depositories).
- Regulatory compliance? Any potential solution can only be fully EU law compliant
- Innovation? Single neutral service with open access would encourage, not impede, innovative service development, e.g. Fintechs

## **Clarifications - II**

- Absolute legal/fiscal harmonisation prior to initiative in issuance? It is the other way round: A public/private governance arrangement initiative can only foster further minimum harmonisation in key areas (e.g. withholding tax procedures)
- Costs? Too early, requires formal investigation but no big costs are expected. Synergies and savings could be foreseen
- Cyber risks? Eurosystem already invests heavily in TARGET Services cyber resilience, independently of EDDI

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# **Market consultation**

# A potential new service for the issuance and initial distribution of debt instruments in the EU

- From 28 May 2019 to 9 July 2019: 70 responses received from a wide variety of market actors (issuers, investors, banks, CSDs and Fintech companies etc.)
- 56 (public) responses published <u>https://www.ecb.europa.eu/paym/pdf/consultations/Communication\_results\_ma\_rket\_consultation\_EDDI.pdf</u>
- No clear majority either in supporting strongly or disagreeing outright with the key messages of the consultation
- Strong agreement on the need for harmonisation in the full transaction chain
- In order to complete their impact analysis, majority of respondents would welcome further information on implementation model, details on service, legal set up, fee structure and timelines.

# **Market consultation**

A potential new service for the issuance and initial distribution of debt instruments in the EU

# **Next steps**

- The Eurosystem will keep market participants informed regarding the progress of its work with a view to determining any follow-up actions on this initiative
- In doing so, the Eurosystem will take into account all relevant legal, regulatory and statutory considerations
- No announcements are expected before Q1 2020

